

- A Panel
- B Inspection area
- C Inspector
- D Panel width

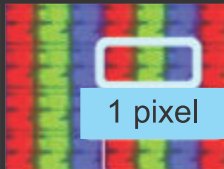
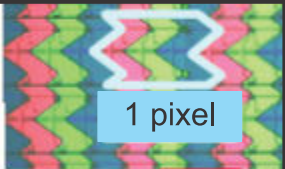




Defect categories

Defects are categorized as follows.

Defect	Description
Major	Likely results in failure or reduces the usability of the product for its intended purpose.
Minor	Has little bearing on the effective use or operation of the product.

Dot defect

The following topics provide the criteria for assessing dot defects.

	Type 1	Type 2	Mark
1 pixel			1 pixel = 3 dots
1 dot			
1 dot off			1 red dot off

Bright dot defect

A bright dot (black pattern and 50% gray test pattern) defect is a brightly visible dot compared against the background.

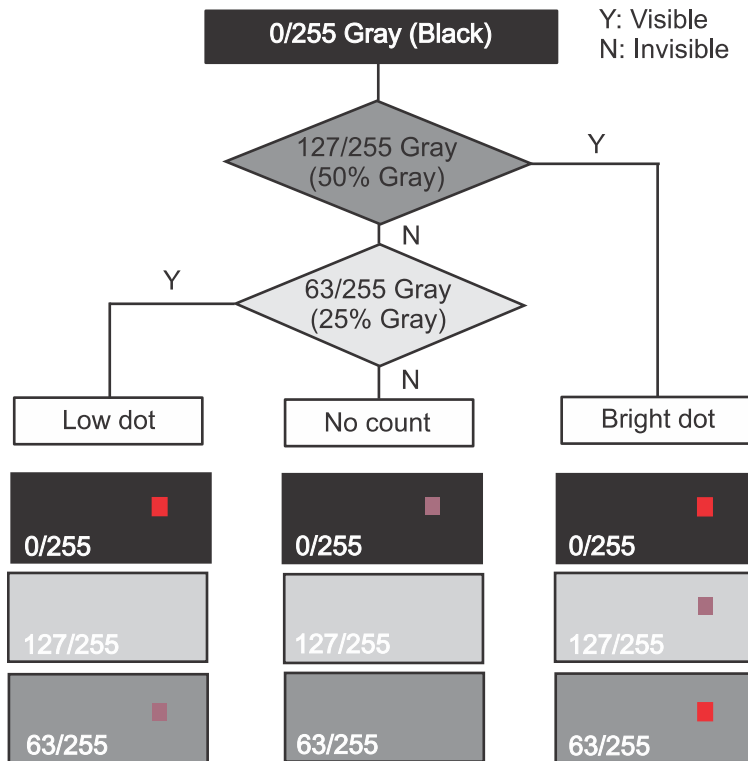
1. Start dot defect test at the 0% (0/255) gray test pattern.
2. If the dot is brightly visible, move to the 50% (127/255) gray test pattern.
If brightly visible, a bright dot defect exists.

Item	Criteria
R.G.B one dot	2
Adjacent two dots	0
Adjacent three dots	0
Bright dot – Bright dot	5 mm (0.2 inches)

Low dot defect

A low dot ($N \leq 7$) defect is a brightly visible dot compared against the 25% (63/255) gray pattern background.

1. Start dot defect test at the 0% (0/255) gray test pattern.
2. If the dot is visible, move to the 50% (127/255) gray test pattern.
If the dot is brightly visible, a bright dot defect exists.
3. If the dot is invisible, move to the 25% (63/255) gray pattern.
 - If the dot is brightly visible, a low dot defect exists.
 - If the dot is invisible, no defect exists.



Dark dot defect

Dots (sub-pixels) appear darkly on the screen when the white (100%R/G/B) test pattern is displayed.

Item	Criteria
One dot	10
Adjacent two dots	2
Adjacent three dots	0

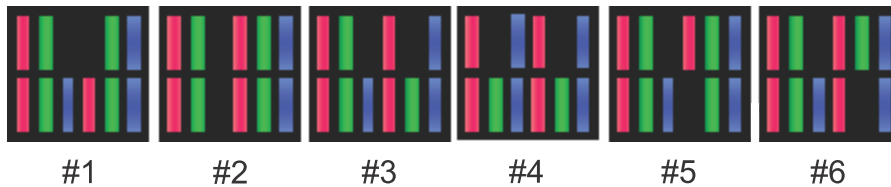
Total amount of dot defects

This summarizes the total amount of dot defects.

Item	Criteria
Quantity	15

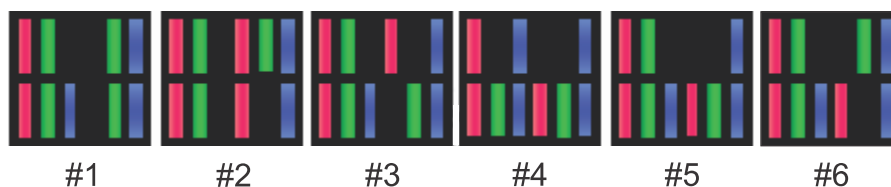
Adjacent two dots

Minimum distance criteria is not adjusted to those defect patterns. Only case #1 is counted as one dot and the other cases are counted as two dots.



Adjacent three dots

Minimum distance criteria is not adjusted to those defect patterns. Only case #1 is counted as one dot and the other cases are counted as two dots.



Spot and linear defect

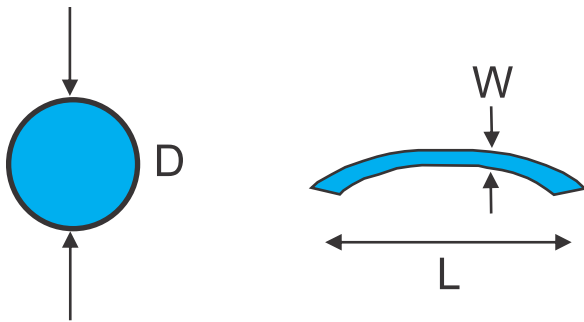
Learn about spot and linear defects.

Item	Criteria	Quantity
	Size	
Line shape scratch	0.01 < W ≤ 0.4 2.0 < L ≤ 15.0	5

Item	Criteria	
	Size	Quantity
Dot shape scratch	$0.1 \leq D \leq 3.0$	5

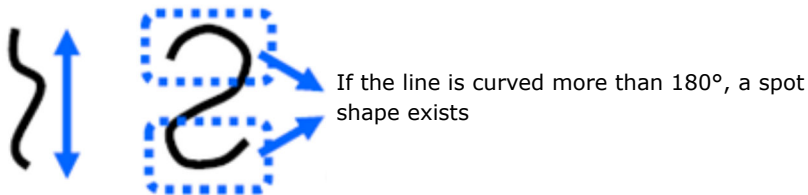
Criteria for each parameter and standard

Spot defect	D: dimension
Linear defect	W: width
	L: length—Length is from the line starting point to the ending point



Distinguishing method of spot and linear defect

In the center of the circle, if the angle is over 180°, this is a spot shape.



The following is an example of a spot or linear defect:

Shape										
Spot / Linear (O / I)	I	O	O	O	O	I	O	O	O	O

Line defect

All kinds of line defects such as vertical, horizontal, or cross are not allowed.

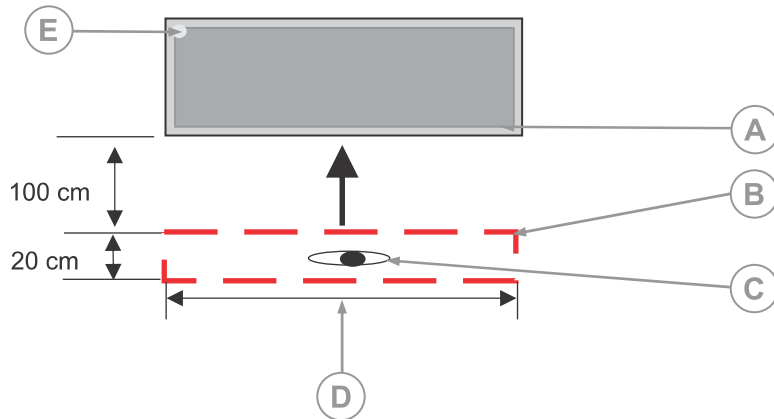
Mura

When a mura issue happens, the limit sample is determined by mutual agreement.

Light leakage

Visible light must not be visible around the edges of the screen. Pressure light leakage is not considered.

No light leakage from 1.0 m, for any pattern .The surface of the module and the inspector’s line of view must be at 0°, no view angle.



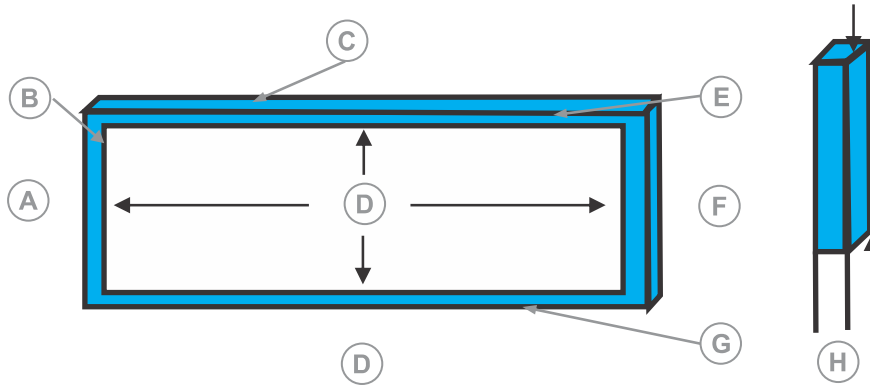
- A Panel C Inspector E Light leakage
- B Inspection area D Panel width

Black top chassis inspection (front and side)

Inspect the front and side of the black top chassis for defects.

Defect location	Defect type	Accept (mm)	Reject (mm)
Front	Dent	0.5 < D ≤ 1.0 N ≤ 2	D > 1.0 N > 2
	Scratch	0.01 < W ≤ 0.1 0.3 < L ≤ 12.0 N ≤ 2	W > 0.1 L > 12.0 N > 2
Side	Deformation (upper/right/left)	Chassis gap ≤ 1.5	Chassis gap > 1.5

Defect location	Defect type	Accept (mm)	Reject (mm)
	Deformation (bottom)	Chassis gap ≤ 3.0	Chassis gap > 3.0
	Dent/scratch	Ignore	

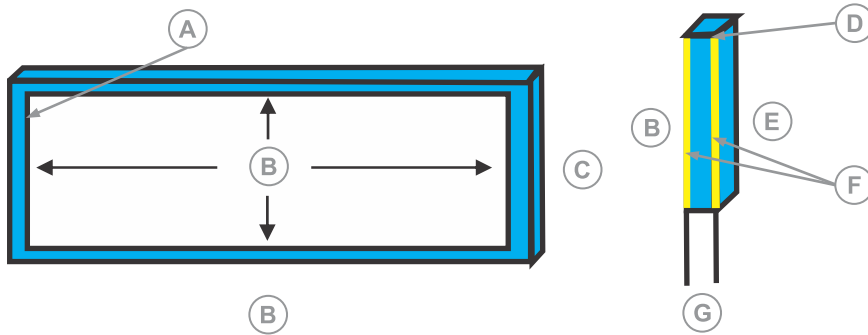


- A Left D Front G Bottom
- B Burr E Bending H Side
- C Upper F Right

Black top chassis inspection (bending corner)

Inspect the front and side of the black top chassis for defects.

Defect location	Defect type	Accept (mm)	Reject (mm)
Bending corner side edge	First step visible check	If silver inner metal is invisible from a 1.0 mm (0.04 inches) look.	If silver inner metal is invisible from a 1.0 mm (0.04 inches) check size.
	Second size step	$D \leq 2.0$ Total N = ignore	$D > 2.0$ Total N = ignore
Burr	—	$0.3 < L \leq 30.0$ One side $N \leq 1$ Total $N \leq 3$	$L > 30.0$ One side $N > 1$ Total $N > 3$



The translucent edge is ignored when measuring the diameter of the spot.

- A Burr
- B Front
- C Right
- D Corner
- E Back
- F Side edge
- G Side

Classification of defects

The following outlines the classification of defects.

Defect mode	Criterion for defect	Class
No display	Not allowed	Major
Line defect	No vertical, horizontal, or cross lines allowed	
Polarizer defects	In accordance with the inspection criteria:	Minor
Extraneous substance	Dot defects Spot and linear defects	
Dot defect	Line defects Mura Light leakage Black top chassis defects	

Technical support

Technical support for Christie Enterprise products is available at:

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